

MATERIAL DATE FRAN A FERHANDLING AND DISPOSAL INFORMATION

ZEP MANUFACTURING COMPANY P.O. BOX 2015 ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30301 SOLD TO:

00781

(3PP) GATX TERMINALS CORPORATION PO BOX 83329 PORTLAND OR 97283

ISSUE DATE: 11703/00 SUPERSEDES: 01/27/97 ZEPRESERVE NC

Date printed: 01/26/01

Aerosol Penetrant Spray SECTION I -EMERGENCY CONTACTS

TELEPHONE: (404) 352-1680 MEDICAL EMERGENCY:

BETWEEN 8:00 AM - 5:00 PM (EST)

(770) 439-4200 (770) 432-2873 (770) 424-4789

Prod No: 0315

NON OFFICE HOURS, WEEKENDS AND HOLIDAYS, PLEASE CALL LOCAL POISON CONTROL

(770) 424-2048 (770) 455-8160 (770) 552-8836

TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY: (770) 922-0923

CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300 DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: (202) 483-7616

TOLL FREE-CALLS RECORDED

ALL CALLS RECORDED

A23678

	SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS DESIGNATIONS	(FPM)	EFFECTS (SEE NOTICE)	% IN PROD.
	** ALIPHATIC NAPHTHA ** ligroin; CAS# 8052-41-3; RTECS#	100	CNS CBL	10-20
٠	(WJ8952000; OSHA PEL - 100 ppm ¹ LIGHT AROMATIC NAPHTHA ⁴ aromatic hydrocarbon solvent; solvent naphtha(petroleum); CAS# 64742-95-6; RTECS# NONE; OSHA PEL-N/D	N/D	CBL CNS IRR	10-20
	** ETHANOL ** ethyl alcohol; grain alcohol; CAS# 64-17-5; RTECS# KQ6300000: OSHA PEL-1000 ppm	1000	IRR FBL	5-15
	** 2-ETHYL HEXYL ALCOHOL ** 2-ethyl-1-hexanol; ethylhexanol;	N/D	IRR CBL	5-15
	CAS# 104-76-7; RTECS# MP0350000; OSHA PEL N/D ** PARAFFIN OIL ** blend of heavy and light naphthenic petroleum distillate; CAS# 64742-52-5; RTECS# NONE; OSHA PEL N/D; ACGIH OIL MIST LIMIT= 5mg/m3	N/D	IRR	5-15
- 1				

SECTION III - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

SPECIAL NOTE: MSDS data pertains to the product as dispensed from the container. Adverse health effects would not be expected under recommended conditions of use (diluted) so long as prescribed safety precautions are practiced.

ure by inhalation may produce eye, nose, and throat irritation. Inhalation of harmful amounts of vapor may produce mild central nervous system sion, characterized by headache, nausea, vertigo and stupor. If vomiting occurs, aspiration of the solvent into the lungs can cause chemical promotions. Existing respiratory disorders or skin diseases may be aggravated by exposure.

Ingredients found in this product have been shown to have both reproductive and mutation effects in laboratory test animals. The implications of

Ingredients found in this product have been shown to have both reproductive and mutation effects in laboratory test animals. The implications of these findings for human exposure is unknown.

CHRONIC EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:
Repeated or prolonged, skin contact may produce mild central nervous system depression, characterized by headache, nausea, stupor, and coma. Skin which is defatted by repeated exposure to hydrocarbon solvents is more susceptible to irritation, infection, and dermatitis. Animal studies of the effects of prolonged inhalation indicated a potential for lung damage and blood production abnormalities, some of which were fatal. Relevance of these studies to human health and the levels of exposure which might produce these results, has not been established.

None of the ingredients are listed as carcinogens by IARC, NTP, or OSHA.

EST'D PEL/TLV: Not established PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY: Inh, Skin.

HMIS CODES: HEALTH 2; FLAM. 2; REACT. 0; PERS. PROTECT. B; CHRONIC HAZ. YES

FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

FIRST AID PHOXEDURES:
SKIN: Wash contaminated skin thoroughly with soap or a mild detergent. Apply a skin cream with lanolin. Get medical attention if irritation persists.
EYES: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting upper and lower lids. Get medical attention at once.
INHALE: Move exposed person to fresh air. If irritation persists, get medical attention promptly.
INGEST: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head below hip level. Get emergency medical attention immediately.

SECTION IV - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION PROTECTIVE CLOTHING: If prolonged contact is expected or occurs, wear nitrile gloves or other gloves with proven resistance to the ingredients

listed.

EYE PROTECTION: To prevent accidental eye contact, the use of safety glasses or goggles is recommended when using any aerosol product.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: When exposure levels exceed PEL/TLV (likely in confined areas) use an organic vapor respirator (eg Zep 2211).

VENTILATION: Provide local exhaust/ventilation as needed to keep concentration of vapors below exposure limits (PEL/TLV).

SECTION V - PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING POINT (F): ND VAPOR PRESSURE(mmHg): ND VAPOR DENSITY(AIR=1): ND VAPOR DENSITY(AIR=1): ND VAPOR DENSITY(AIR=1): NSOLUILITY IN WATER: INSOLUILITY IN WATER: 43.7% APPEARANCE AND ODOR: An amber liquid with a solvent odor.

INSOLUBLE

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: EVAPORATION RATE (N/D≈1): pH(CONCENTRATE): pH(USE DILUTION OF):

0.854 N/D N/A

SECTION VI - FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA (CSMA)

FLASH POINT(F) (METHOD USED): Flammable (CSMA)
FLAMMABLE LIMITS: LEL: N/D UEL: N/D
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical and foam.
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING: Wear self-contained positive pres, breathing apparatus.
UNUSUAL FIRE HAZARDS: Direct water onto intact containers to prevent bursting.

SECTION VII - REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: Stable
INCOMPATIBLILITY(AVOID): Heat, open flame, spark, and oxidizing agents.
POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.
ROUS DECOMPOSITION: Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, and other unidentified organic compounds.

SECTION VIII - SPILL AND DISPOSAL PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:
Observe safety precautions in sections 4 & 9 during spill clean-up. Large spills are unlikely due to packaging. Spill may be absorbed on an inert absorbent material (eg Zep-O-Zorb), and placed in a suitable container for disposal. Wash area thoroughly with a detergent solution and rinse well with water.
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:
Product is consumed in use. Do not crush, puncture or incinerate spent containers. Large numbers of aerosol containers may require handling as a hazardous waste, but in most states total hazardous waste quantities less than 220 lbs per month may allow disposal in a chemical or industrial waste (Continued on Page: 2)

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SECTION VIII - SPILL AND DISPOSAL PROCEDURES (continued)

landfill. Consult local, state and federal agencies for the proper disposal method in your area. RCPA HAZ. WASTE NOS.: N/A

SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN WHEN HANDLING AND STORING:

Flammable! Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame, and any source of ignition.

Do not store at temperatures above 120F (39C) or in direct sunlight. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Do not store at temperatures above 1201 (390) or in direct sunlight. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Keep product away from skin and eyes.

Clothing or shoes which become contaminated with substance should be removed promptly and not reworn until thoroughly cleaned. Vapors are heavier than air and will accumulate at low points. Ventilation should include floor level exhausting.

Keep out of the reach of children.

SECTION X - REGULATORY INFORMATION DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: CONSUMER COMMODITY,

DOT INDICES SHIPPING NAME: CONSUMER COMMOUTLY,

NOTE: DOT information applies to larger package sizes of affected products. For some products, DOT may require alternate names and labeling in accordance with packaging group requirements.

DOT HAZARD CLASS: ORM-D

DOT PACKING GROUP: N/A

DOT LABEL/PLACARD: ORM-D

EPA TSCA CHEMICAL INVENTORY - ALL INGREDIENTS ARE LISTED

EPA CWA 40CFR PART 117 SUBSTANCE(RO IN A SINGLE CONTAINER): NONE

NOTICE

Thank you for your interest in, and use of, Zep products.

Zep Manufacturing Co. is pleased to be of service to you by supplying this Material Safety Data Sheet for your files. Zep Manufacturing is concerned for your health and safety. Zep products can be used safety with proper protective equipment and proper handling practices consistent with label instructions and the MSDS. Before using any Zep product, be sure to read the complete label and the Material Safety Data Sheet.

As a further word of caution, Zep wishes to advise that serious accidents have resulted from the misuse of "emptied" containers. 'Empty' containers retain residue (liquid and/or ivapor) and can be dangerous. DO NOT pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose such containers to heat, flame, or other sources of ignition; they may explode or develop harmful vapors and possibly cause injury or death, Clean empty containers by triple rinsing with water or an appropriate solvent. Empty containers must be sent to a drum reconditioner before reuse. reconditioner before reuse.

TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS LISTED ALPHABETICALLY BY SECTION

SECTION II: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS
CAR: Carcinogen - A chemical listed by the National Toxicology
Program (NTP), the International Agency for Research on Cancer
(IARC) or OSHA as a definite or possible human cancer causing

(IARC) or OSMA as a definite or possible reliable to agent.

CAS #: Chemical Abstract Services Registry Number - A universitable accepted numbering system for chemical substances.

CBL: Combustible - At temperatures between 100F and 200F Ichemical gives off enough vapor to ignite if a source of lignition is present as tested with a closed cup tester.

ICNS: Central Nervous System depressant which reduces the activity of the brain and spinal cord.

COR: Corrosive - Causes invereible injury to living itsaue (e.g. bums).

itissue (e.g. bums). 'DESIGNATIONS: Chemical and common names of hazardous

ingrections. EIR: Eye Irritant Only - Causes reversible reddening and/or

inflammation of eye tissues.

EXPOSURE LIMITS: The time weighted average (TWA) airborne concentration at which most workers can be exposed without any expected adverse effects. Primary sources include ACGIH TLVs, and OSHA PELs (TWA, STEL and ceiling limits).

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hydragists.

Hygienists. CEILING: The concentration that should not be exceeded in

CELING: The concentration that should not be exceeded in the workplace during any part of the working exposure. OSHA: Occupational Salety and Health Administration PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit - A set of time weighted average exposure values, established by OSHA, for a normal 8-hour day and a 40-hour work week. PPM: Parts per million - unit of measure for exposure limits. (S) SKIN: Skin contact with substance can contribute to everall exposure.

overall exposure.

overall exposure.
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit - Maximum concentration for a continuous 15-minute exposure period.
TLV: Threshold Limit Value - A set of time weighted average exposure limits, established by the ACGIH, for a normal 8-hour day and a 40-hour work week.

enough vapor to ignite it a source of ignition is present as

tested with a closed cup tester.

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS: Chemical substances determined to be potential health or physical hazards based on the criteria established in the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard - 29 CFR 1910.1200

HTX: Highly toxic - the probable lethal dose for a 70kg (150 lb.) man and may be approximated as less than 6 teaspoons (2 tablespoons). IRR: Irritant - Causes reversible effects in living tissues

(e.g. inflammation) - primarily skin and eyes.

N/A: Not Applicable - Category is not appropriate for this

product. N/D: Not Determined - Insufficient information to make a

Additional to this item.

RTECS#: Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances - an unreviewed tisting of published toxicology data on chemical

substances. SARA: Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act - Section 313 designates chemicals for possible reporting for the Toxics Release Inventory. SEN: Sensitizer - Causes allergic reaction after repeated

exposure. TOX: Toxic - The probable lethal dose for a 70 kg (150 lb.) man

is one ounce (2 tablespoons) or more.

SECTION III: HEALTH HAZARD DATA
ACUTE EFFECT: An adverse effect on the human body from a single exposure with symptoms developing almost immediately after exposure or within a relatively short time.
CHRONIC EFFECT: Adverse effects that are most likely to occur from repeated exposure over a long period of time.
EST D PEL/TLV: This estimated, time-weighted everage, exposure limit, developed by using a formula provided by the ACGIAI, pertains to airborne concentrations from the product as a whole. This vatue should serve as guide for providing sale workplace conditions to nearly all workers.
HMIS CODES: Hazardous Material Identification System - a rating system developed by the National Paint and Coating Association for estimating the hazard potential of a chemical under normal workplace conditions. These risk estimates are indicated by a numerical rating given in each of three hazard areas (Health/Fiammability/Reactivity) ranging from a low of zero to a high of 4. The presence of a chronic hazard is indicated with a yes. Consult HMIS training guides for Personal Protection letter codes which indicate necessary protective equipment.
PRIMARY ROUTE OF ENTRY: The way one or more hazardous ingredients may enter the body and cause a generalized-systemic or specific-organ toxic effect.
ING: Ingestion - A primary route of exposure through breathing of vapors.
SKIN: A primary route of exposure through contact with

breathing of vapors.

SKIN: A primary route of exposure through contact with

SECTION IV: SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION Where respiratory protection is recommended, use only MSHA and NIOSH approved respirators and dust masks. MSHA: Mine Safety and Health Administration NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health SECTION V: PHYSICAL DATA

EVAPORATION RATE: Refers to the rate of change from the liquid state to the vapor state at ambient temperature and inquio state to the vapor state at ambient temperature and pressure in comparison to a given substance (e.g. water). pH; A value representing the acidity or alkatinity of an aqueous solution (Acidic pH = 1; Neutral pH = 7; Alkatine pH = 14) VOC CONTENT: The percentage or amount in pounds per gallon of the product that is regulated as a Volatile Organic Compound under the Clean Air Act of 1990 and various state interesting. jurisdictions.

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: A description of the ability of the product to dissolve in water.

SECTION VII: REACTIVITY DATA

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: Breakdown products expected to be produced upon product decomposition by extreme heat or fire. INCOMPATIBILITY: Material contact by extreme heat and the conditions to avoid to prevent hazardous reactions.

POLYMERIZATION: Indicates the tendency of the product's molecules to combine with themselves in a chemical reaction, releasing excess pressure and heat.

STABILITY: Indicates the susceptibility of the product to spontaneously and dangerously decompose.

SECTION VIII: SPILL AND DISPOSAL PROCEDURES RCRA WASTE NOS: RCRA (Resource Conservation and Recovery Act) waste codes (40 CFR 261) applicable to the disposal of spilled or unusable product from the original container.

SECTION X: TRANSPORTATION DATA

CWA: Clean Water Act-Federal Law which regulates chemical releases to bodies of water.

RC: Reportable Quantity - The amount of the specific ingredient

HC: Heponable Cuanity -- the amount of the specific ingreder that, when spilled to the ground and can enter a storm sewer o natural watershed, must be reported to the National Response Center, and other regulatory agencies.

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act - a federal law requiring all commercial chemical substances to appear on an inventory

maintained by the EPA.

DISCLAIMER

All statements, technical information and recommendations contained herein are based on available scientific tests or data which we believe to be reliable. The accuracy and completeness of such data are not warranted or guaranteed. We cannot articipate all conditions under which this information and our products, or the products of other manufacturers in combinification with our body of the products of other manufacturers in and our products, or the products of onter manufacturers in combination with out products, may be used. Zep assumes no liability or responsibility for loss or damage resulting from the improper use or handling of our products, from incompatible product combinations, or from the failure to follow instructions, warnings, and advisories in the products label and Material Safety Data Sheet.

(rev. 1/98)